

Automotive Fault Protected High-Speed CAN FD Transceiver with Silent Mode

Features

- Meets the ISO 11898-2:2016 and SAE J2284-1 to SAE J2284-5 Physical Layer Standards
- Supports CAN FD and Data Rating up to 5 Mbps
- Short Propagation Delay Times and Fast Loop Times
- 5-V Power Supply, I/O Voltage Range Supports 2.8-V to 5.5-V MCU Interface
- Ideal Passive Behavior to CAN Bus when Unpowered
- Common-Mode Input Voltage: ± 30 V
- Protection Feature:
 - IEC 61000-4-2 ESD Protection up to ± 15 kV
 - Bus Fault Protection: ± 70 V
 - VCC and VIO (V variants only) Under-voltage Protection
 - TXD Dominant Time-out Function and Bus-Dominant Time-out Function
 - Thermal Shutdown Protection
- Available in SOP8 Package and Leadless DFN3X3 Package
- AEC-Q100 Qualified for Automotive Applications , Grade 1

Applications

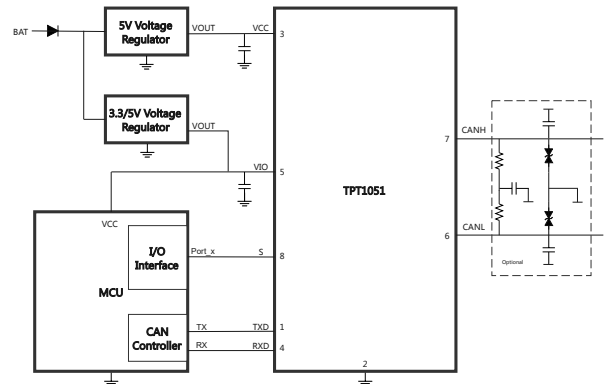
- All Devices Supporting Highly Loaded CAN Networks
- Automotive and Transportation
 - Body Electronics / Lighting
 - Power Train / Chassis
 - Infotainment / Cluster
 - ADAS / Safety

Description

The TPT1051 is a CAN transceiver that meets the ISO11898 high-speed CAN (Controller Area Network) physical layer standard. The device is designed to be used in CAN FD networks up to 5 Mbps, with enhanced timing margin and higher data rates in long and highly loaded networks. As designed, the device features crosswire, overvoltage, and loss of ground protection from -70 V to $+70$ V, over-temperature shutdown, with a -30 V to $+30$ V common-mode input voltage range. The TPT1051V has a secondary power supply input for I/O level shifting the input pin thresholds and RXD output level. This family has a silent mode which is also commonly referred to as the listen-only mode. Additionally, all devices include many protection features to enhance the device and network robustness.

The TPT1051 and TPT1051V are available in SOP8 and DFN3X3-8L packages and are characterized from -40°C to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$.

Typical Application Circuit



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**Automotive Fault Protected High-Speed CAN FD Transceiver with
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Order Number	VCC (V)	VIO (V)	BUS Protection (V)	Package
TPT1051VQ-SO1R-S	4.5 to 5.5	2.8 to 5.5	±70	SOP8
TPT1051VQ-DF6R-S	4.5 to 5.5	2.8 to 5.5	±70	DFN3X3-8L
TPT1051Q-SO1R-S	4.5 to 5.5	2.8 to 5.5	±70	SOP8
TPT1051Q-DF6R-S	4.5 to 5.5	2.8 to 5.5	±70	DFN3X3-8L

Revision History

Date	Revision	Notes
2022-12-21	Rev.A.0	Released Version
2023-11-13	Rev.A.1	Corrected POD typo

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Pin Configuration and Functions

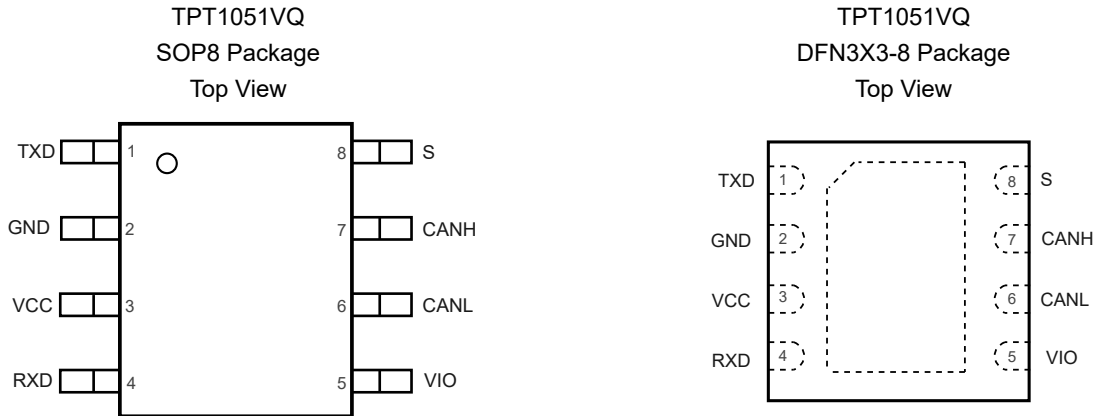


Table 1. Pin Functions: TPT1051VQ

Pin		I/O	Description
No.	Name		
1	TXD	I	CAN transmit data input (LOW for dominant and HIGH for recessive bus states)
2	GND	GND	Ground
3	VCC	POWER	Transceiver 5 V supply voltage
4	RXD	O	CAN receive data output (LOW for dominant and HIGH for recessive bus states)
5	VIO	POWER	Transceiver I/O level shifting supply voltage
6	CANL	BUS I/O	Low level CAN bus input/output line
7	CANH	BUS I/O	High level CAN bus Input/output line
8	S	I	Silent (listen-only) mode , Mode control (Active High)

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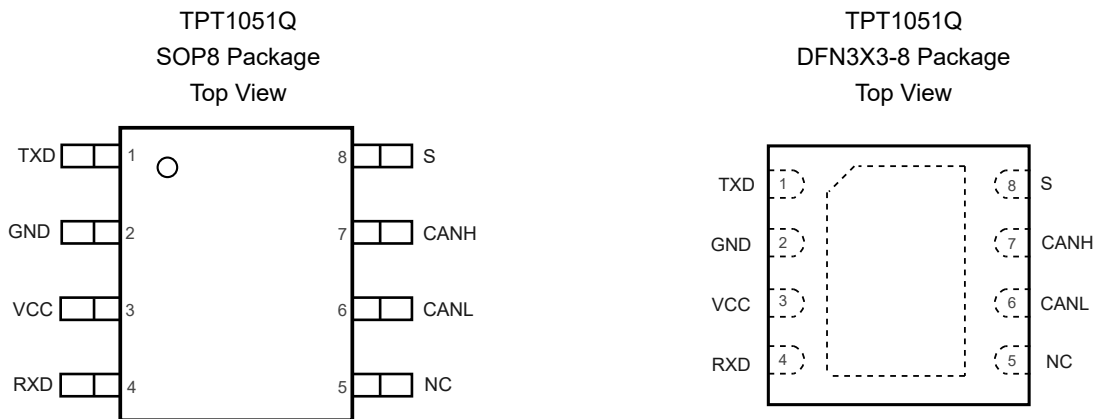


Table 2. Pin Functions: TPT1051Q

Pin		I/O	Description
No.	Name		
1	TXD	I	CAN transmit data input (Low for dominant and High for recessive bus states)
2	GND	GND	Ground
3	VCC	Power	Transceiver 5 V supply voltage
4	RXD	O	CAN receive data output (Low for dominant and High for recessive bus states)
5	NC	-	Not Connected
6	CANL	Bus I/O	Low-level CAN bus input/output line
7	CANH	Bus I/O	High-level CAN bus input/output line
8	S	I	Silent (listen-only) mode , Mode control (Active High)

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Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	5-V Bus Supply Voltage Range	-0.3	7	V
V _{IO}	I/O Level-Shifting Voltage Range	-0.3	7	V
V _{BUS}	Can Bus I/O Voltage Range (CANH, CANL)	-70	70	V
V _{BUS_DIFF}	Differential Voltage of Can Bus, CANH - CANL	-70	70	V
V _{LOGIC}	Logic Input And Output Terminal Voltage Range (TXD, STB, RXD)	-0.3	7	V
I _{O_RXD}	Rxd (Receiver) Output Current	-8	8	mA
T _J	Maximum Junction Temperature	-40	150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-65	150	°C
T _{OTP}	Shutdown Junction Temperature		170	°C

- (1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.
(2) This data was taken with the JEDEC low effective thermal conductivity test board.
(3) This data was taken with the JEDEC standard multilayer test boards.

ESD(Electrostatic Discharge Protection)

Parameter		Condition	Minimum Level	Unit
IEC	IEC Contact Discharge	IEC-61000-4-2, Bus Pin	±15	kV
	IEC Air-Gap Discharge	IEC-61000-4-2, Bus Pin	±15	kV
HBM	Human Body Model ESD	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, CAN Bus Pin	±8	kV
		ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, All Pin	±8	kV
CDM	Charged Device Model ESD	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002, All Pin	±1.5	kV
LU	Latch up	Latch up per JESD78, All Pin ⁽³⁾	±500	mA
V _{TRAN}	ISO7637-2 transients per IEC 62228-3, CANH, CANL	Pulse 1	-100	V
		Pulse 2a	75	V
		Pulse 3a	-150	V
		Pulse 3b	100	V

- (1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.
(3) The test is at the temperature of 25°C.

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Recommended Operating Conditions

	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{IO}	Input/output Voltage	2.8	5.5	V
V _{CC}	Power Supply	4.5	5.5	V
I _{OH(RXD)}	RXD Terminal High-Level Output Current	-2		mA
I _{OL(RXD)}	RXD Terminal Low-Level Output Current		2	mA
T _A	Operating Ambient Temperature	-40	125	°C

Thermal Information

Package Type	θ_{JA}	θ_{JC}	Unit
SOP8	118	48	°C/W
DFN3x3-8	51	23	°C/W

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Electrical Characteristics

All test conditions: $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 60\ \Omega$, $T = -40^\circ\text{C to }125^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter		Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Pin V_{CC}, (Power supply)						
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage		4.5	-	5.5	V
V_{UV_VCC}	Rising Undervoltage Detection on V_{CC} for Protected Mode		-	4.1	4.5	V
	Falling Undervoltage Detection on V_{CC} for Protected Mode		3.6	3.9	-	V
V_{HYS_UVVCC}	Hysteresis Voltage on UV_{VCC} ⁽¹⁾		-	200	-	mV
I_{CC}	Silent Mode Supply Current	1051V, device with the "V" suffix, Silent Mode, $V_{TXD} = V_{CC}$, $R_L = 60\ \Omega$, $C_L = \text{open}$, $V_S = V_{CC}$	0.5	1.0	2.5	mA
		1051, device without the "V" suffix, Silent Mode, $V_{TXD} = V_{IO}$, $R_L = 60\ \Omega$, $C_L = \text{open}$, $V_S = V_{IO}$	0.5	1.0	2.5	mA
	Normal Mode Supply Current	Recessive, $V_{TXD} = V_{CC}$, $R_L = 50\ \Omega$, $C_L = \text{open}$, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$	0.5	1.0	2.5	mA
		Dominant, $V_{TXD} = 0\text{ V}$, $R_L = 60\ \Omega$, $C_L = \text{open}$, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$	20	50	80	mA
		Dominant bus fault, short circuit on bus lines, $V_{TXD} = V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $-3\text{ V} < (V_{CANH} = V_{CANL}) < +18\text{ V}$, $R_L = C_L = \text{open}$	2	60	110	mA
	PIN V_{IO}, (I/O Level Adapter Supply) ⁽²⁾					
V_{IO}	Supply Voltage on V_{IO} Pin		2.8	-	5.5	V
V_{UV_VIO}	Rising Undervoltage Detection on V_{IO} For Protected Mode		-	2	2.7	V
	Falling Undervoltage Detection on V_{IO} For Protected Mode		1.3	1.9	-	V
V_{HYS_UVVIO}	Hysteresis Voltage on UV_{VIO} for Protected Mode		-	100	-	mV
I_{IO}	Silent Mode Supply Current on Pin V_{IO}	Silent Mode, RXD Floating, $V_{TXD} = V_S = V_{IO}$	-	10	16	μA
		Recessive, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{TXD} = V_{IO}$	-	15	30	μA
	Normal Mode Supply Current on Pin V_{IO}	Dominant, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$,	-	200	600	μA

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Parameter		Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
		$V_{TXD} = 0\text{ V}$					
Pin S, (Silent Mode Control Input)							
V_{IH}	High-Level Input Voltage		$0.7 \times V_{IO}$	-	$V_{IO} + 0.3$	V	
V_{IL}	Low-Level Input Voltage		-0.3	-	$0.3 \times V_{IO}$	V	
I_{IH}	High-Level Input Current	$V_S = V_{CC} = V_{IO} = 5.5\text{ V}$	8	11.8	15	μA	
I_{IL}	Low-Level Input Current	$V_S = 0\text{ V}, V_{CC} = V_{IO} = 5.5\text{ V}$	-1	0	1	μA	
I_{LKG_OFF}	Unpowered Leakage Current	$V_S = 5.5\text{ V}, V_{CC} = V_{IO} = 0\text{ V}$	-1	0	1	μA	
Pin TXD, (CAN Transmit Data Input)							
V_{IH}	High-Level Input Voltage		$0.7 \times V_{IO}$	-	$V_{IO} + 0.3$	V	
V_{IL}	Low-Level Input Voltage		-0.3	-	$0.3 \times V_{IO}$	V	
I_{IH}	High-Level Input Current	$V_{TXD} = V_{CC} = V_{IO} = 5.5\text{ V}$	-2	0	2	μA	
I_{IL}	Low-Level Input Current	$V_{TXD} = 0\text{ V}, V_{CC} = V_{IO} = 5.5\text{ V}$	-250	-160	-30	μA	
I_{LKG_OFF}	Unpowered Leakage Current	$V_{TXD} = 5.5\text{ V}, V_{CC} = V_{IO} = 5.5\text{ V}$	-1	0	1	μA	
C_i	Input Capacitance ⁽¹⁾		-	5	-	pF	
Pin RXD, (CAN Receive Data Output)							
I_{OH}	High-Level Output Current	$V_{RXD} = V_{IO} - 0.4\text{ V}$	-8	-6	-1	mA	
I_{OL}	Low-Level Output Current	$V_{RXD} = 0.4\text{ V},$ bus dominant	2	5	12	mA	
I_{LKG_OFF}	Unpowered Leakage Current	$V_{RXD} = 5.5\text{ V}, V_{CC} = V_{IO} = 0\text{ V}$	-1	0	1	μA	
Pins CANH and CANL, (CAN Bus Lines)							
V_{O_DOM}	Dominant Bus Output Voltage	CANH	$V_{TXD} = 0\text{ V}, V_S = 0\text{ V}, 50\ \Omega \leq R_L \leq 65\ \Omega, C_L = \text{open}, t < t_{to(dom)TXD}$	2.75	3.5	4.5	V
		CANL		0.5	1.5	2.25	V
V_{SYM_DC}	DC Output Symmetry (dominant or recessive) ($V_{CC} - V_{O(CANH)} - V_{O(CANL)}$)	$V_S = 0\text{ V}, R_L = 60\ \Omega, C_L = \text{open},$	-0.4	-	0.84	V	
V_{SYM}	Transient Symmetry (dominant or recessive) ($(V_{O(CANH)} + V_{O(CANL)}) / V_{CC}$ ⁽¹⁾)	$4.75\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.25\text{ V}, V_S = 0\text{ V}, R_L = 60\ \Omega, C_{SPLIT} = 4.7\text{ nF}, C_L = \text{open}, T_{XD} = 250\text{ kHz}, 1\text{ MHz}$	0.9	1.0	1.1	V/V	
V_{OD_DOM}	Differential Output Voltage (dominant)	Normal mode, $t < t_{to(dom)TXD}, V_{TXD} = 0\text{ V}, V_S = 0\text{ V}, 4.75\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.25\text{ V}, 45\ \Omega \leq R_L < 50\ \Omega, C_L = \text{open}$	1.5	-	3	V	

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Parameter		Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		Normal mode, $t < t_{to(dom)TXD}$, $V_{TXD} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $4.75\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.25\text{ V}$, $50\ \Omega \leq R_L < 65\ \Omega$, $C_L = \text{open}$	1.5	-	3	V
		Normal mode, $t < t_{to(dom)TXD}$, $V_{TXD} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $4.75\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.25\text{ V}$, $65\ \Omega \leq R_L \leq 70\ \Omega$, $C_L = \text{open}$	1.5	-	3.3	V
		Normal mode, $t < t_{to(dom)TXD}$, $V_{TXD} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $4.75\text{ V} \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.25\text{ V}$, $R_L = 2240\ \Omega$, $C_L = \text{open}$	1.5	-	5	V
V _{OD_REC}	Differential Output Voltage (recessive)	Normal mode, $V_{TXD} = V_{CC}$, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, no load	-50	-	50	mV
		Silent mode, $V_{TXD} = V_S = V_{CC}$, no load	-50	-	50	mV
V _{O_REC}	Recessive Bus Output Voltage	Normal mode, $V_{TXD} = V_{IO} = V_{CC}$, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, no load	2	0.5 x V _{CC}	3	V
		Silent mode, $V_{TXD} = V_S = V_{IO} = V_{CC}$, no load	2	0.5 x V _{CC}	3	V
V _{CM}	Common Mode Range	$V_S = 0$ or V_{CC} or V_{IO}	-30	-	30	V
V _{TH_RX_DIF}	Differential Receiver Threshold Voltage	Normal mode, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $-30\text{ V} \leq V_{CANH}/V_{CANL} \leq 30\text{ V}$	0.5	0.7	0.9	V
		Silent mode, $V_S = V_{IO}$, $-30\text{ V} \leq V_{CANH}/V_{CANL} \leq 30\text{ V}$	0.5	0.7	0.9	V
V _{REC_RX}	Receiver Recessive Voltage, Normal Mode	$-30\text{ V} \leq V_{CANH}/V_{CANL} \leq 30\text{ V}$	-4	-	0.5	V
	Receiver Recessive Voltage, Silent Mode		-4	-	0.5	V
V _{DOM_RX}	Receiver Dominant Voltage, Normal Mode	$-30\text{ V} \leq V_{CANH}/V_{CANL} \leq 30\text{ V}$	0.9	-	9	V
	Receiver Dominant Voltage, Silent Mode		0.9	-	9	V
V _{HYS_RX_DIF}	Differential Receiver Hysteresis Voltage	Normal mode, $-30\text{ V} \leq V_{CANH}/V_{CANL} \leq 30\text{ V}$	50	120	200	mV
		Silent mode, $-30\text{ V} \leq V_{CANH}/V_{CANL} \leq 30\text{ V}$	50	120	200	mV
I _{O_SC_DOM}	Dominant Short-Circuit Output Current	CANH $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{CANH} = -15\text{ V}$ to 18 V , $CANL = \text{open}$, $V_{TXD} = 0\text{ V}$	-115	-	-	mA
		CANL $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{CANL} = -15\text{ V}$ to 18 V , $CANH = \text{open}$, $V_{TXD} = 0\text{ V}$	-	-	115	mA

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Parameter		Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{O_SC_REC}	Recessive Short-Circuit Output Current	$-27\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CANH}}/V_{\text{CANL}} \leq 32\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{TXD}} = V_{\text{CC}}$, normal modes	-5	-	5	mA
I _{LKG_OFF}	Power-off (unpowered) Bus Input Leakage Current	$V_{\text{CC}} = V_{\text{IO}} = 0\text{ V}$ or $V_{\text{CC}} = V_{\text{IO}}$ shorted to ground via 47kΩ, $V_{\text{CANH}} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{CANL}} = 5\text{ V}$	-5	-	5	μA
R _{IN}	Input Resistance (CANH or CANL)	$V_{\text{CC}} = V_{\text{IO}} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{S}} = 0\text{ V}$, $-30\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CM}} \leq +30\text{ V}$	10	23	35	kΩ
R _{IN_M}	Input Resistance Matching: $[1 - R_{\text{IN(CANH)}} / R_{\text{IN(CANL)}}] \times 100\%$	$V_{\text{CC}} = V_{\text{IO}} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{S}} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{CANH}} = V_{\text{CANL}} = 5\text{ V}$	-2	-	2	%
R _{ID}	Differential Input Resistance	$V_{\text{CC}} = V_{\text{IO}} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{\text{S}} = 0\text{ V}$, $-30\text{ V} \leq V_{\text{CM}} \leq +30\text{ V}$	30	47	60	kΩ
C _i	Input Capacitance to Ground (CANH or CANL) ⁽¹⁾		-	-	20	pF
C _{ID}	Differential Input Capacitance ⁽¹⁾		-	-	10	pF

(1) The Typ data is based on bench test and design simulation.

(2) Only device with V suffix (TPT1051V) have a V_{IO} Pin, device without V suffix (TPT1051) V_{IO} connected to V_{CC} internally.

Automotive Fault Protected High-Speed CAN FD Transceiver with Silent Mode

AC Timing Requirements

All test conditions: $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IO} = 3.0\text{ V to }5.5\text{ V}$, $R_L = 60\ \Omega$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to }125^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

Parameter		Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Transceiver Switching Characteristics						
t_{pLD}	Propagation delay time, low TXD to driver dominant (recessive to dominant) ⁽¹⁾	Normal mode, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $R_L = 60\ \Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	-	60	100	ns
t_{pHR}	Propagation delay time, high TXD to driver recessive (dominant to recessive) ⁽¹⁾		-	60	100	ns
t_{SK_P}	Pulse Skew ($ t_{pHR} - t_{pLD} $) ⁽¹⁾		-	10	35	ns
t_R	Differential Output Signal Rise Time ⁽¹⁾		-	45	-	ns
t_F	Differential Output Signal Fall Time ⁽¹⁾		-	45	-	ns
$t_{PROP_TXDL-RXDL}$	Total loop delay, driver input (TXD) low to receiver output (RXD) low, recessive to dominant ⁽¹⁾	Normal mode, $V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $R_L = 60\ \Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $C_{L(RXD)} = 15\text{ pF}$,	-	110	220	ns
$t_{PROP_TXDH-RXDH}$	Total loop delay, driver input (TXD) high to receiver output (RXD) high, dominant to recessive ⁽¹⁾		-	140	220	ns
t_{pRH}	Propagation Delay Time, Bus Recessive Input to RXD High Output (Dominant to Recessive) ⁽¹⁾	$V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $C_{L(RXD)} = 15\text{ pF}$	-	90	120	ns
t_{pDL}	Propagation Delay Time, Bus Dominant Input to RXD Low Output (Recessive to Dominant) ⁽¹⁾		-	90	120	ns
t_{R_R}	RXD Output Signal Rise Time ⁽¹⁾		-	20	-	ns
t_{R_F}	RXD Output Signal Fall Time ⁽¹⁾		-	20	-	ns
FD Timing Parameters						
t_{BIT_BUS}	Bit time on CAN bus output pins with $t_{BIT_TXD} = 500\text{ ns}$ ⁽¹⁾	$V_S = 0\text{ V}$, $R_L = 60\ \Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $C_{L(RXD)} = 15\text{ pF}$, $\Delta t_{REC} = t_{BIT_RXD} - t_{BIT_BUS}$	435	-	530	ns
	Bit time on CAN bus output pins with $t_{BIT_TXD} = 200\text{ ns}$ ⁽¹⁾		155	-	210	ns
t_{BIT_RXD}	Bit time on RXD output pins with $t_{BIT_TXD} = 500\text{ ns}$		400	-	550	ns

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Parameter		Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
	Bit time on RXD output pins with $t_{BIT_TXD} = 200$ ns		120	-	220	ns
Δt_{REC}	Receiver timing symmetry with $t_{BIT_TXD} = 500$ ns ⁽¹⁾		-65	-	40	ns
	Receiver timing symmetry with $t_{BIT_TXD} = 200$ ns ⁽¹⁾		-45	-	15	ns
Device Timing Parameters						
t_{TXD_DTO}	TXD dominant time-out time	normal mode, $V_S = 0$ V, $R_L = 60$ Ω , $C_L =$ open, $V_{TXD} = 0$ V	0.3	2	5	ms

(1) The test data is based on bench test and design simulation.

Parameter Measurement Information

Test Circuit

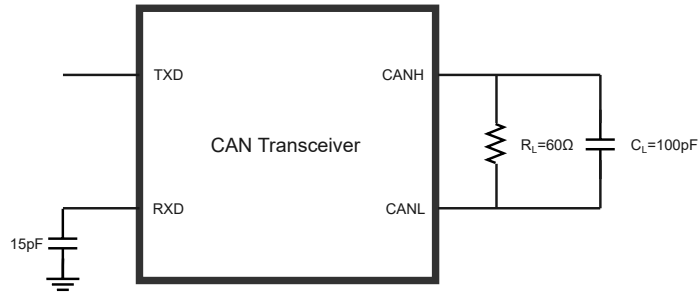


Figure 1. CAN transceiver timing parameter test circuit

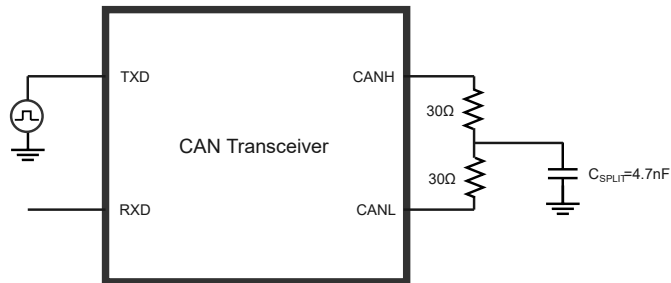


Figure 2. CAN transceiver driver symmetry test circuit

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Parameter Diagram

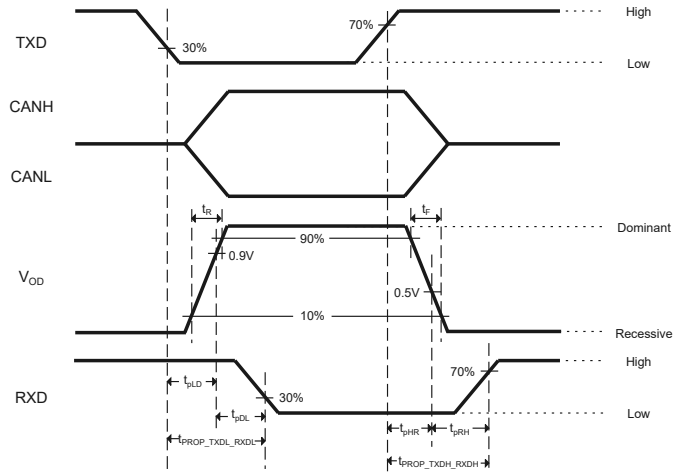


Figure 3. CAN transceiver timing diagram

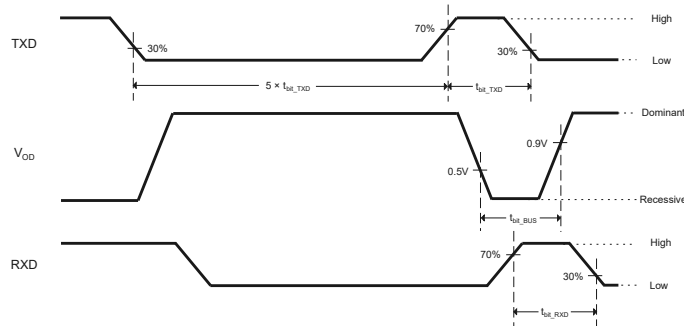


Figure 4. CAN FD timing parameter diagram

Automotive Fault Protected High-Speed CAN FD Transceiver with Silent Mode

Detailed Description

Overview

The TPT1051 is a CAN transceiver that meets the ISO11898 high-speed CAN (Controller Area Network) physical layer standard. The device is designed to be used in CAN FD networks up to 5 Mbps, with enhanced timing margin and higher data rates in long and highly loaded networks. As designed, the device features crosswire, overvoltage, and loss of ground protection from -70 V to +70 V, over-temperature shutdown, with a -30 V to +30 V common-mode input voltage range. The TPT1051 has a secondary power supply input for I/O level shifting the input pin thresholds and RXD output level. This family has a silent mode which is also commonly referred to as the listen-only mode. Additionally, all devices include many protection features to enhance the device and network robustness.

Functional Block Diagram

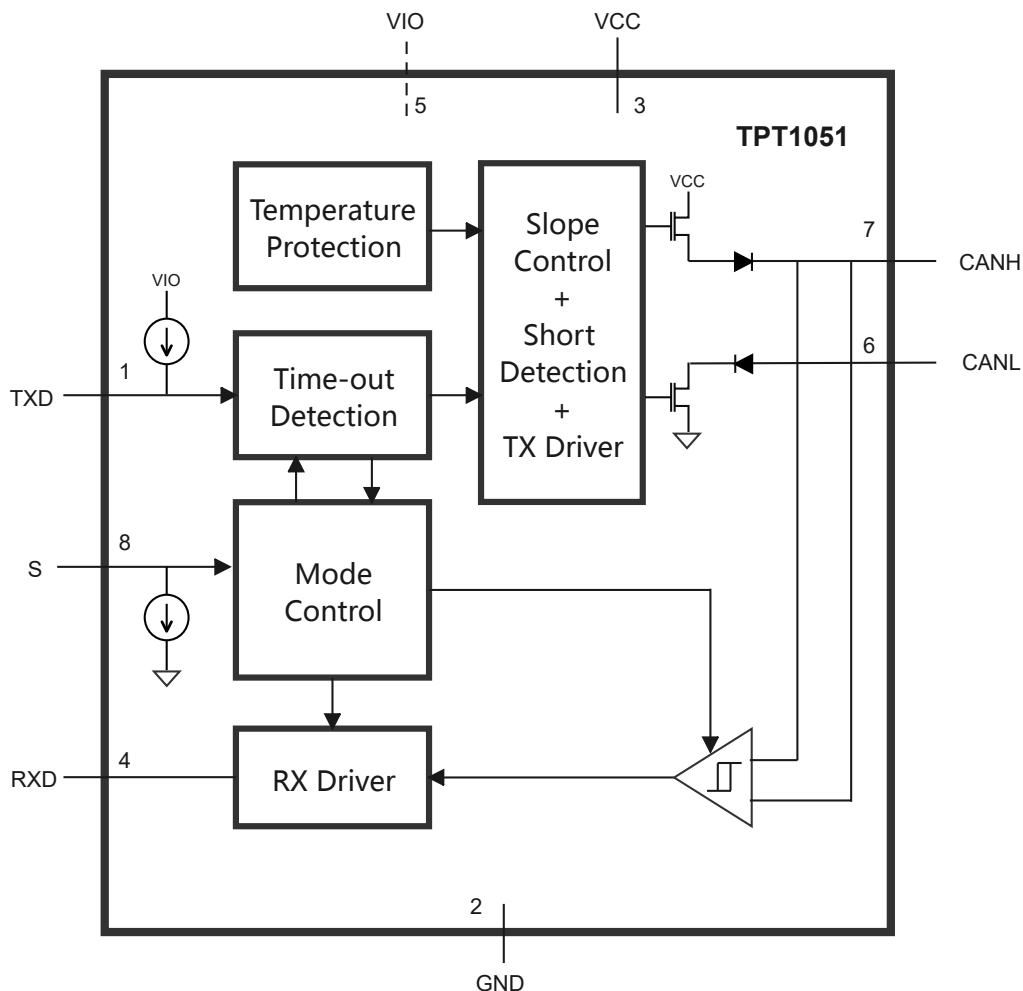


Figure 5. Functional Block Diagram

Automotive Fault Protected High-Speed CAN FD Transceiver with Silent Mode

Feature Description

Table 3. Driver Function Table

Device	Inputs		Outputs		Driven BUS State
	S	TXD	CANH	CANL	
All Devices	L or open	L	H	L	Dominant
		H or Open	Z	Z	Recessive
	H	X	Z	Z	Recessive

Table 4. Receiver Function Table

Device Mode	CAN Differential Inputs V_{ID} $= V_{CANH} - V_{CANL}$	Bus State	RXD Terminal
Normal or Silent	$V_{ID} \geq V_{IT+(MAX)}$	Dominant	L
	$V_{IT-(MIN)} < V_{ID} < V_{IT+(MAX)}$	Indeterminate	Indeterminate
	$V_{ID} \leq V_{IT-(MIN)}$	Recessive	H
	Open ($V_{ID} \approx 0 V$)	Open	H

Normal Mode

A low level on the S pin selects the normal mode. In this mode, the transceiver will transmit and receive data via the bus lines CANH and CANL. The differential receiver converts the analog data on the bus lines into digital data, which is output to the RXD pin. The slopes of the output signals on the bus lines are controlled internally and optimized to guarantee the lowest possibility for Electro Magnetic Emission (EME).

Silent Mode

A high level on the S pin selects the silent mode. In the silent mode, the transmitter is disabled, releasing the bus pins to the recessive state. All other IC functions, including the receiver, continue to operate as in the normal mode, just like the listen-only mode. Silent mode can be used to prevent a faulty CAN controller from disrupting all network communications.

Time-out Function in TXD Dominant Mode

When the TXD pin is set to low, the timer of 'TXD dominant time-out' is started. If the low state on TXD persists for longer than t_{TXD_DTC} , the transmitter is disabled and the bus lines are in recessive state. This function prevents a hardware and/or software application failure from driving the bus lines to a permanent dominant state which will block all network communications. The TXD dominant time-out timer is reset as TXD is pulled to high. The TXD dominant time-out time also defines that the data rate should be faster than 10 kbit/s.

Time-out Function in Bus Dominant Mode

In the silent mode, the timer of 'bus dominant time-out' is started when the CAN bus changes from recessive to dominant state. If the dominant state on the bus persists for longer than the t_{BUS_DTC} , the RXD pin is reset to high. If a bus short-circuits or a failure in one of the other nodes on the network, this function prevents a clamped dominant bus from

**Automotive Fault Protected High-Speed CAN FD Transceiver with
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generating a permanent wake-up request. The bus dominant time-out timer is reset when the CAN bus changes from a dominant to recessive state.

Over-Temperature Protection (OTP)

The output drivers are protected against over-temperature conditions. If the virtual junction temperature exceeds the shutdown junction temperature T_{OTP} , the output drivers will be disabled until the virtual junction temperature falls below T_{OTP} and TXD becomes recessive again. Including the TXD condition to ensures output driver oscillation due to temperature drift is avoided.

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Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following application sections is not part of the 3PEAK's component specification and 3PEAK does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. 3PEAK's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

Application Information

The TPT1051 is a CAN transceiver to support CAN FD function up to 5 Mbps, with BUS protection voltage from -70 V to +70 V, overtemperature shutdown, a -30 V to +30 V common-mode range. The VIO of TPT1051 can support the voltage level of TXD and RXD from 2.8 V to 5.5 V. The following sections show a typical application of the TPT1051.

Typical Application

Figure 6 shows the typical application schematic of the TPT1051.

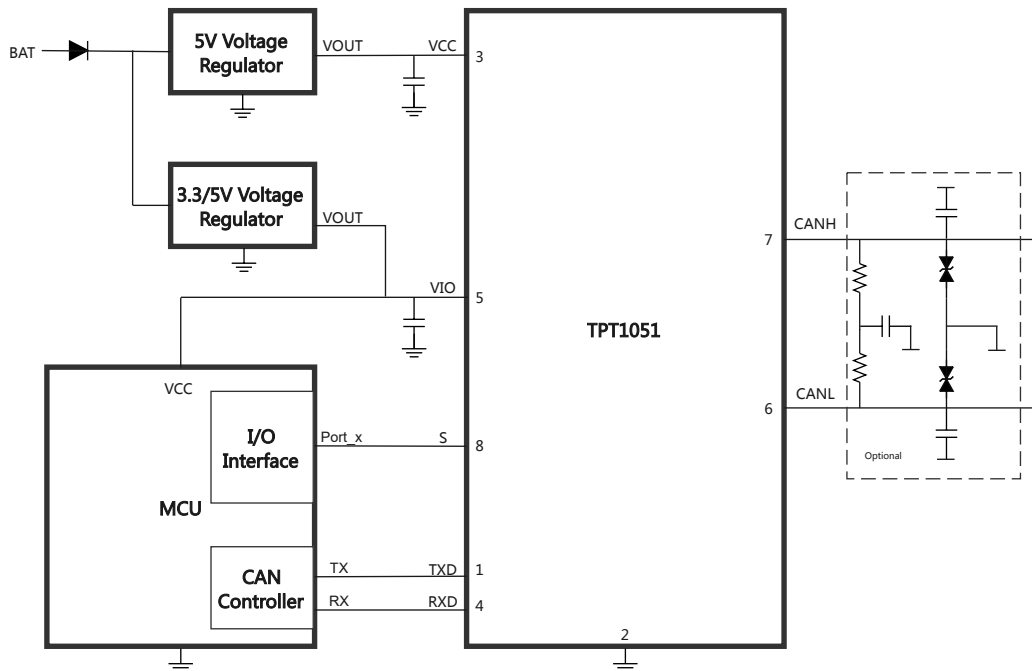
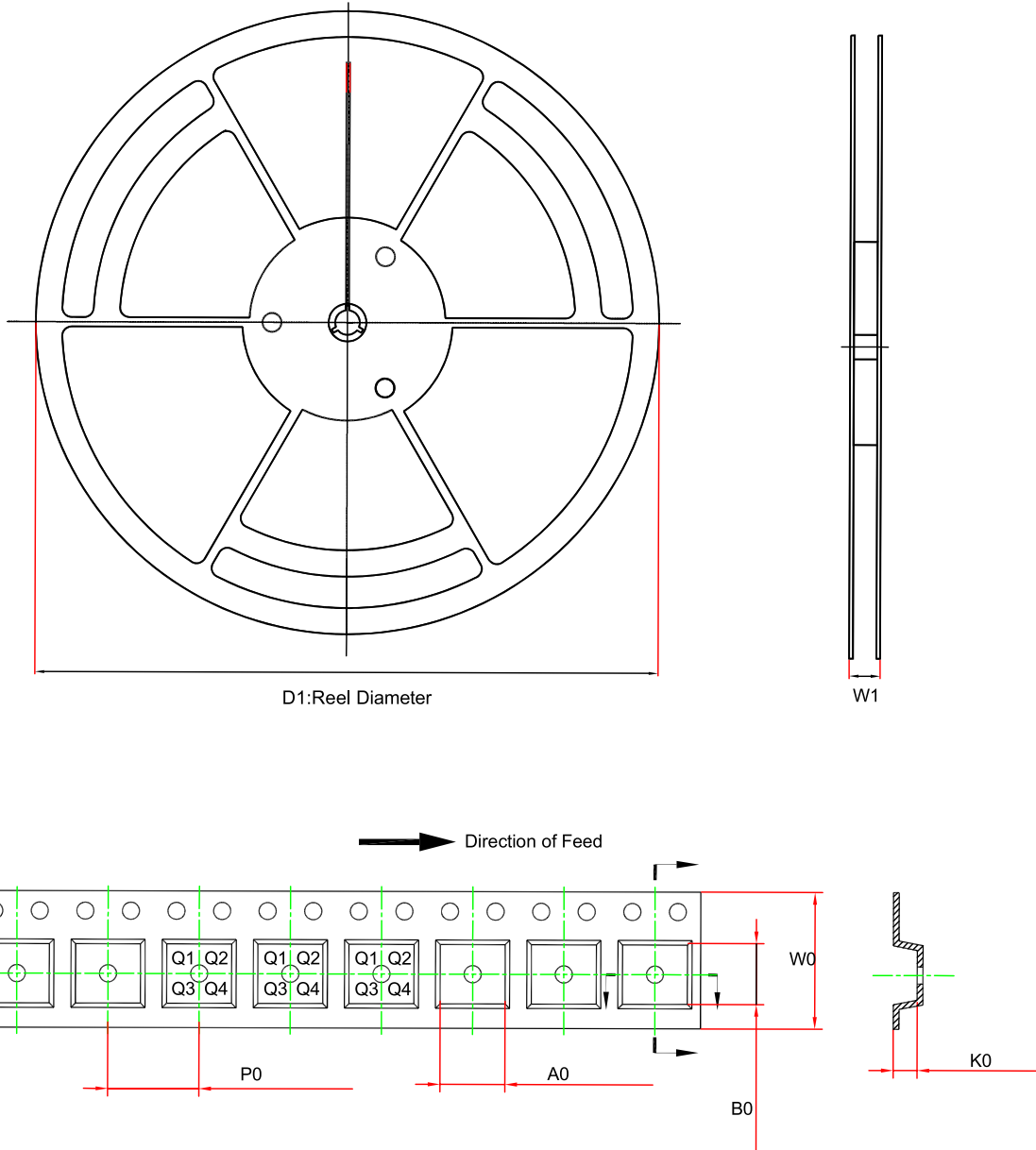


Figure 6. Typical Application Circuit

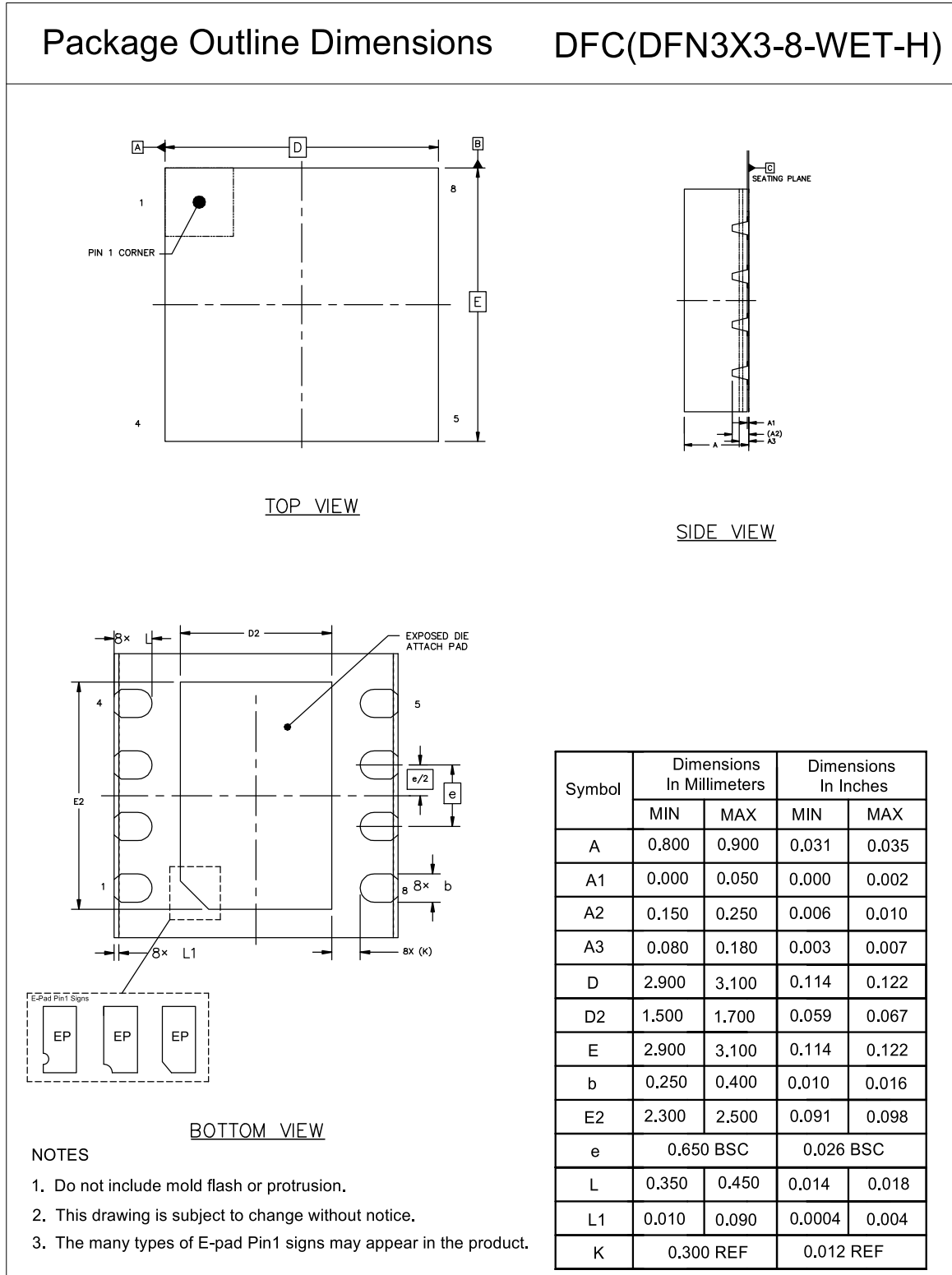
Automotive Fault Protected High-Speed CAN FD Transceiver with Silent Mode
Tape and Reel Information


Order Number	Package	D1 (mm)	W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P0 (mm)	W0 (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPT1051VQ-SO1R-S	SOP8	330	17.6	6.5	5.4	2.0	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPT1051VQ-DF6R-S	DFN3x3-8	330	17.6	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPT1051Q-SO1R-S	SOP8	330	17.6	6.5	5.4	2.0	8.0	12.0	Q1
TPT1051Q-DF6R-S	DFN3x3-8	330	17.6	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q1

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Package Outline Dimensions

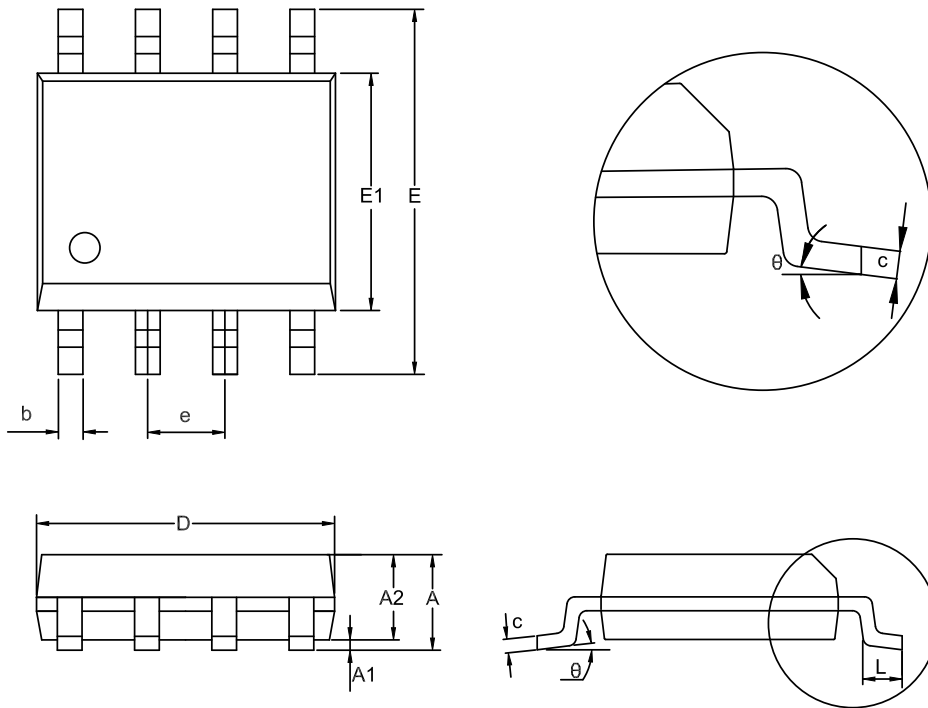
DFN3X3-8



SOP-8

Package Outline Dimensions

SO1(SOP-8-A)



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.350	1.750	0.053	0.069
A1	0.050	0.250	0.002	0.010
A2	1.250	1.550	0.049	0.061
b	0.330	0.510	0.013	0.020
c	0.170	0.250	0.007	0.010
D	4.700	5.100	0.185	0.201
E	5.800	6.200	0.228	0.244
E1	3.800	4.000	0.150	0.157
e	1.270 BSC		0.050 BSC	
L	0.400	1.000	0.016	0.039
θ	0	8°	0	8°

NOTES

1. Do not include mold flash or protrusion.
2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

Automotive Fault Protected High-Speed CAN FD Transceiver with Silent Mode**Order Information**

Order Number	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Marking Information	MSL	Transport Media, Quantity	Eco Plan
TPT1051VQ-SO1R-S	-40 to 125°C	SOP8	T51VQ	MSL1	Tape and Reel, 4000	Green
TPT1051VQ-DF6R-S	-40 to 125°C	DFN3x3-8	T51VQ	MSL1	Tape and Reel, 4000	Green
TPT1051Q-SO1R-S	-40 to 125°C	SOP-8	1051Q	MSL1	Tape and Reel, 4000	Green
TPT1051Q-DF6R-S	-40 to 125°C	DFN3x3-8	1051Q	MSL1	Tape and Reel, 4000	Green

(1) MSL will be updated depending on the qualification report.

Green: 3PEAK defines "Green" to mean RoHS compatible and free of halogen substances.

**Automotive Fault Protected High-Speed CAN FD Transceiver with
Silent Mode****IMPORTANT NOTICE AND DISCLAIMER**

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